S-World SUPERECONOMICS

By Nick Ray Ball -23^{rd} July 2020

1 Story Elevator Pitch:

"The Valuation is one thousand, two hundred trillion US dollars."

20 Story Elevator Pitch:

Question:

"What important truth do very few people agree with you on?" This question is from the book 'Zero to One' by **Peter Thiel** with Blake Masters Answer by Nick Ray Ball;

Most people think philanthropy, charity and aid are best for the poorest global citizens, but the truth is monopoly can be magnitudes better. To be specific, the S-World monopoly as described by the 1.4 million words in the various books and essays in the S-World Stories collection.

This leads us to a second important truth; most experts in monopoly do their best to hide their monopoly and invent stories of competition, whereas the S-World monopolies can hide in plain sight and boast about their monopoly rents because they fund the 64 Special Projects. (See www.angeltheory.org/64-reasons-why)

Powered by the monopoly rents created by the Š-ŔÉŚ™ equation, see; www.supereconomics.ai/S-RES the S-World monopoly can deliver a 30x future, and in particular, for the poorest 100 nations, and because of this quality, this monopoly will not have to hide, it's a digital monopoly and it's the best future we can possibly hope to dream for. And those who oppose monopoly must back down, and if that means rewriting economics, then so be it, let us call it Supereconomics.

The important Supereconomics truth is that the monopoly equation Š-ŔÉŚ™, and the other 9 S-World technologies, can more than 30x our future, for our children and our children's children, **constructing a prosperous future for the third world, and then remaking the first world in beautiful Net-Zero**.

The cost of this construction and reconstruction between now and 2080 if 100 states or countries were to follow Malawi and adopt Supereconomics would be **one thousand, two hundred trillion US dollars.** Now please read the Supereconomics Book 2. Summary and try to prove this valuation wrong.

www.angeltheory.org/video/43a1

SUPERECONOMICS Book 2. The How

Š-ŔÉŚ™ FINANCIAL ENGINEERING

Is Š-ŔÉŚ™ to macroeconomics what Einstein's E=MC² is to theoretical physics? If you find this idea laughable and even arrogant it's really not meant to be, it is forged from the one thousand two hundred trillion-dollar valuation of the S-Wold global network between 2024 and 2080. And how most of this money is spent on recreating our planet in Net-Zero and solving many other major problems. Most of which are presented in the book; **64 Reasons**Why. See: www.supereconomics.ai/64-Reasons-Why--Summary.pdf

Below we see the Š-ŔÉŚ™ calculator in Year 1 – 2024.

But to be correct Š-ŔÉŚ is Š+Ŕ x É x Ś.

 \check{S} is savings, \check{R} is revenue, \check{E} is the percentage of $\check{S}+\check{R}$ spent on other companies in the same network and the second \check{S} is how many times that money is spent each year. (Note the accents are only there to make the letters stand out in a sentence.)

Supereconomics History III - MALAWI 2024 -

Ŕeve	enue + Šavings	É		Cash Flow	Śpin	Days	Spend By	
\$	6,317,750,000	90.00%	\$	5,685,975,000	1	366	01 January 2025	
Year's	Cash Flow:		\$	5,685,975,000				
		CFV:		50%				
Year's	Year's GDP:			2,842,987,500	# Companies: 2,048			
				25%	Cash	Flow Each:	\$ 2,776,354.98	
Labou	r Receives:		\$	1,421,493,750				
				Increase to the money supply				
LCŔ -	Šavings:		\$	5,685,975,000	Adds to N	ext Year	Šavings → → → ↓ ↓ ↓	

Starting in red with \$6.3 billion in savings and revenue ($\check{S}+\check{R}$) we multiply this cash by the \acute{E} of 90%, so 90% of all spending is directed to other companies and/or personnel in the same network, leaving \$5.6 billion in cash flow in the network, which converts to \check{S} avings and stays in the network until the next year when it converts back into cash flow.

A critical part of this process is that the money exchanged is in US dollars, not local currency, this solves many economic arguments, including the strength or weakness of the local currency making no difference to the Grand Śpin Network and inflation can be pegged to the inflation of the dollar globally. Other information shown is that 2,048 companies are trading from this city/suburb, each of which is its own monopoly. We further see that each of the 2,048 monopoly companies has a cash flow of \$2.7 million that each will spend in 2024.

Kevenue + Šavings MALAWI 2024

It's Important to note in the long term, by the year 2080, that 92% of all Kevenue is created by The Suburb Sale, a sale that should be negotiated long before 2024.

With the Suburb Sale in place, we can safely remove all other income if we deduct 8% from our final forecast, which is well within the margin of error. This justifies all capital inflows, and begins the Š-ŔÉŚ Malawi journey, from zero to one percent of GDP by 2080.

2024		0.003%
		Malawi % of Global GDP
Investment	\$ 4,000,000,000.00	
Šavings	Zero	
The Suburb Sale	\$ 1,050,000,000.00	
Aid & Foundations	\$ 1,000,000,000.00	
Real Estate Sold (Ŕ2) *	\$ 262,500,000.00	
Exports (Ŕ1) Trade	\$ 5,250,000.00	
	\$ 6,317,750,000.00	Ŕevenue + Šavings

2024 is the only investment round, however city startup costs are a factor at between \$10 and \$20 billion. For this reason, in place of one we are now looking at four or maybe eight suburbs sold in the network city, each of which would contribute to the initial cities start-up costs and their portion of the cash flow for their 2,048 businesses, and each year thereafter pay \$1 billion for 10 or more years. To be spent Improving the infrastructure of the suburb, reforestation of the surrounds, building municipal buildings, commercial, industrial and residential real estate; malls, marinas, a few golf courses, schools, universities, stadiums, wonders, private islands and grand offices for the many new businesses that require an office.

All rendered in beautiful 3D by technology 5; S-World VSN™ - Virtual Social Network, then gamified and simulated by Technology 6 S-World UCS™, and advertised and distributed by Technology 4; S-World Film.

Adding other Grand Spin Networks across the globe.

Because exports are close to zero percent of cash flow, we avoid arguments about trade. So long as we can sell the suburbs, this model is a non-zero-sum game. Adding other Grand Śpin Networks in Zimbabwe, Tanzania, South Africa, Botswana, Namibia, Mozambique, Zambia, Kenya, The Seychelles and Mauritius does not detract from the success of the Malawi Network, because more than 99% of all output (GDP) is created and consumed within the parent country, with minimal effect on other countries except for additional goods and services made above the Ťender, sold to international markets, if such trade is allowed.

The addition of other countries to the network would only increase Malawi's riches, per classical and dynamic comparative advantage.

At the end of this chapter, from Tender sales alone (not including trade) we add \$24 trillion in cash flow, in Malawi, which roughly generates \$12 trillion in GDP. To calculate global growth, multiply the \$12 trillion by as many countries or states who might participate. If that figure is 100 then were adding, **one thousand two hundred trillion in new GDP**. Done in a way that future proofs future earth in 2032, then 2048, then 2080 and beyond creating a far more ecologically and socially balanced world. We apricate this is an absolutely absurd figure; however, it is mathematically justified in this document – So please read on...

MALAWI 2025

Supereconomics History III – \acute{E} = 92% and \acute{S} pin = 2

The following year, in 2025, there is no investment.

In the table below, beneath the zero-investment row is the Šavings of \$5.6 billion – the cash flow left in the bank at the end of 2024, available to use again in 2025.

There is more cash flow created by Šavings than all other income streams combined. After Šavings is the income for the Suburb Sale (which accounts for 92% of all Kevenue by 2080), followed by \$1.5 billion in Aid or revenue from foundations, then the real estate sales from Angel City 1, and the token exports figure of \$5 million.

Kevenue + Šavings MALAWI 2025

2025		0.0076%
		Malawi % of Global GDP
Investment	Zero	
Šavings	\$ 5,685,975,000.00	
The Suburb Sale	\$ 1,102,500,000.00	
Aid & Foundations	\$ 1,500,000,000.00	
Real Estate Sold (Ŕ2)	\$ 275,625,000.00	
Exports (Ŕ1) Trade	\$ 5,512,500.00	
	\$ 8,569,612,500.00	Ŕevenue + Šavings

This all adds up to \$8.5 billion, and this figure is placed at the beginning of the Š-ŔÉŚ™ calculator for 2025

Next, we start to see the mathematics of Supereconomics, the monopoly economics created from the \check{S} - $\acute{R}\acute{E}\acute{S}^{\text{\tiny TM}}$ equation.

Very lightly at first, as we increase $\acute{\text{Spin}}$ from 1 to 2, and nudge $\acute{\text{E}}$ from 90% to 91%.

Supereconomics History III – \acute{E} = 92% and \acute{S} pin = 2

Ŕeve	enue + Šavings	É	Cash Flow	Śpin	Days		Spend By
\$	8,569,612,500	91%	\$ 7,798,347,375	1	191		11 July 2025
\$	7,798,347,375	91%	\$ 7,096,496,111	2	174	01	January 2026
Year's	Cash Flow		\$ 14,894,843,486				
		CFV:	50%				
Year's	GDP		\$ 7,447,421,743	# Compa	nies:		4,096
		LR:	25%	Cash Flov	v Each :	\$	3,636,436.40
Labou	ır Receives		\$ 3,723,710,872				
			174%	Increase	to the mone	y supp	ly
Šaving	gs	LCŔ	\$ 7,096,496,111	Adds to N	lext Year's	Šavin	$gs \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$

As before we add \acute{R} evenue + \acute{S} avings, this time making \$8.5 billion, then we increase \acute{E} so that 91% of this figure is spent with other companies or personnel in the same network. This requires Technology 2. The TBSTM - Total Business Systems, and Technology 8. S-World DCA (Dynamic Comparative Advantage Software) to apply. Once applied \$8.5 billion x 91% = \$7.8 billion remaining in the bank.

But this time we apply Śpin, as we make whatever needs to be made, and spend whatever needs to be spent within 191 days, before the 10th July 2025, and then, on the 11th July 2025, we are ready to do much of the same again, because the Śpun cash flow creates \$7.8 billion, which slips into the Śpin-2 row, where it is spent again, again with 91% of all sales to other companies and personnel in the same network.

This we call a Śpin, and when added to the increased Kevenue + Šavings it more than doubles the cash flow from \$5.6 billion in 2024 to \$14.8 billion in 2025.

And this is the trick, right here, the ability to increase the cash flow by increasing the pace of production due to **Śpin** and then retaining most of that spending in the network by increasing É recycle Éfficiency. Then further increase cash flow by increasing Śpin and Éfficiency all the way to Śpin 32 and an É of 99.5% in 2080.

MALAWI 2025 TO 2032

- From 2025 to 2031 we see Spin increase by one, each year up to Spin 9 in 2032.
- Šavings steady increase to \$8.9 billion and É increases to 99%.
- The Suburb Sale, Angel City 1 real estate sold, and trade figures increase by 5% each year.
- Aid increases to a height of \$2.5 billion in 2027 and reduces to nothing by 2032.

Now let us look at the cash flow, steadily increasing each year from \$14.9 billion in 2025 to \$106 billion in 2032. This exponential growth is caused by Śpin and averages at 50% a year.

	Ŕevenue + Šavings		É	Śpin	Šavings		Cash Flow
2024	\$	6,317,750,000.00	90%	1	\$	0.00	\$ 5,685,975,000.00
2025	\$	8,569,612,500.00	91%	2	\$	5,685,975,000.00	\$ 14,894,843,486.25
2026	\$	10,549,315,486.25	92%	3	\$	7,096,496,111.25	\$ 26,848,936,252.27
2027	\$	12,240,085,721.11	93%	4	\$	8,214,625,377.36	\$ 40,971,349,217.43
2028	\$	12,757,954,087.18	94%	5	\$	9,156,220,726.25	\$ 53,185,830,818.41
2029	\$	12,544,933,851.16	95%	6	\$	9,363,113,822.18	\$ 63,141,839,466.18
2030	\$	11,987,590,172.85	96%	7	\$	9,221,679,142.42	\$ 71,509,098,452.83
2031	\$	11,362,250,985.94	97%	8	\$	9,008,044,403.98	\$ 79,448,245,354.05
2032	\$	12,403,333,885.52	99%	9	\$	8,905,088,758.49	\$ 106,194,771,025.16

Supereconomics History III – \acute{E} = 99% and \acute{S} pin = 9

Ŕev	enue + Šavings	É		Cash Flow	Śpin	Days	Spend By
\$	12,403,333,886	99.00%	\$	12,279,300,547	1	42	12 February 2032
\$	12,279,300,547	99.00%	\$	12,156,507,541	2	42	25 March 2032
\$	12,156,507,541	99.00%	\$	12,034,942,466	3	41	05 May 2032
\$	12,034,942,466	99.00%	\$	11,914,593,041	4	41	15 June 2032
\$	11,914,593,041	99.00%	\$	11,795,447,111	5	41	26 July 2032
\$	11,795,447,111	99.00%	\$	11,677,492,640	6	40	04 September 2032
\$	11,677,492,640	99.00%	\$	11,560,717,713	7	40	14 October 2032
\$	11,560,717,713	99.00%	\$	11,445,110,536	8	39	22 November 2032
\$	11,445,110,536	99.00%	\$	11,330,659,431	9	39	01 January 2033
Year's	Cash Flow		\$	106,194,771,025			
		CFV:		50%			
Year's	GDP		\$	53,097,385,513	# Compar	nies:	24,576
		LR:		25%	Cash Flow	/ Each:	\$ 4,321,076.29
Labou	ur Receives		\$	26,548,692,756			
				856%	Increase to the money supply		
LCŔ ·	- Šavings		\$	11,330,659,431	Adds to N	lext Year's	Šavings → → → ↓ ↓ ↓

Above we now see 2032's Cash Flow at \$106 billion up from \$6.3 billion in 2024.

To facilitate we have increased to nine Śpins, with an É of 99%, and this time the initial spending period has shrunk from one year in 2024, down to just 42 days in 2032. Because É is near a perfect monopoly at 99% most of all the Šavings and Ŕevenue are conserved within the network.

We also see that there are now 24,576 companies that each receives \$4.3 million a year in Ťender cash flow. This cash flow is a little low but can be increased simply by making fewer companies.

Below, we see the Kevenue + Savings for Malawi 2032

Kevenue + Šavings MALAWI 2032

2032	Malawi % of Global GDP:	0.045%
Investment	Zero	
Šavings	\$ 8,905,088,758.49	
The Suburb Sale x 2	\$ 3,102,656,431.96	
Aid & Foundations	Zero	
Real Estate Sold (Ŕ2)	\$ 387,832,053.99	
Exports (Ŕ1) Trade	\$ 7,756,641.08	
	\$ 12,403,333,885.52	Ŕevenue + Šavings

MALAWI 2032 TO 2048

In the spreadsheet below we see the years 2032 to 2048 in four-year intervals. And we see the same pattern we saw between 2024 and 2032, but this time, leading to macroeconomic numbers.

	Ŕevenue + Šavings	É	Śpin	Šavings	Cash Flow
2032	\$ 12,403,333,885.52	99%	9	\$ 7,096,496,111.25	\$ 106,194,771,025.16
2036	\$ 21,671,213,750.25	99%	13	\$ 17,419,074,934.31	\$ 262,772,540,959.58
2040	\$ 27,731,438,928.23	99%	17	\$ 22,562,937,621.58	\$ 431,185,712,852.64
2044	\$ 31,268,658,926.46	99%	21	\$ 24,986,313,285.10	\$ 589,005,884,788.18
2048	\$ 37,007,806,175.05	99.5%	25	\$ 25,985,220,842.42	\$ 867,395,313,638.70

In general, I have created and applied a law that tells us how much GDP we expect to make from the cash flow spent. I added this law after reading A Concise Guide to Macroeconomics by Harvard Professor David A. Moss, who informs us that in GDP accounting the classic mistake is to count the items that made the product (In a house, the bricks and mortar, tiles and other) and to also count the price the house sold for. That's the double-counting problem.

Luckily, we found out about this rule early, and we will see on the general spreadsheet two tabs called The Sienna Equilibrium. To cut a long story short, we believe if we multiply cash flow by about 55% (ranging significantly for different specialities) then we come to about the right value for GDP (output) created. For safety and simplicity, we use 50% and call this effect the CFV (The Cash Flow Variable).

						Discount		GDP loosely
	Cash Flow		CFV	GDP		?	Discounted	
2032	\$	106,194,771,025.16	50%	\$	53,097,385,512.58	68%	\$	36,106,222,148.56
2036	\$	262,772,540,959.58	50%	\$	131,386,270,479.79	65%	\$	85,401,075,811.86
2040	\$	431,185,712,852.64	50%	\$	215,592,856,426.32	62%	\$	133,667,570,984.32
2044	\$	589,005,884,788.18	50%	\$	294,502,942,394.09	59%	\$	173,756,736,012.51
2048	\$	867,395,313,638.70	50%	\$	433,697,656,819.35	56%	\$	242,870,687,818.84

Note on the above, we still need to work out the formula for precise discounting, but the amounts above are a good indicator. Working from the starting point that in 2080 discounting the cash flow by 0.25% leads to the correct figure, for the variables entered. Noting that in this simulation global growth is set at 2.5% and Malawi growth is set at 5%. These figures are consistent with most economics professionals' estimates.

So, to work out GDP in 2048 we take the cash flow of \$867 billion and multiply it by the CFV of 50% which gives us \$433 billion and then multiply by 56% discounting to the equivalent of \$242 billion in today's money.

Supereconomics History III

Š-ŔÉŚ in the Malawi Grand Śpin Network 2048; É 99.5%: Śpin = 25

In the now-familiar Š-ŔÉŚ™ calculator for 2048 we now see each spin, each complete spend of all cash flow, roughly two weeks apart, facilitated by a very high É of 99.5% and 25 Śpins which ratchets up 867 billion dollars of cash flow, about 433 billion dollars in GDP. There are now 131,072 companies each spending \$6.6 million in cash flow per year. And Malawi owns 0.25% of the Global GDP.

	Ŕevenue	É	Cash Flow	Śpin	Days	Spend By
\$	37,007,806,175	99.50%	\$ 36,822,767,144	1	15	16 January 2048
\$	36,822,767,144	99.50%	\$ 36,638,653,308	2	15	31 January 2048
\$	36,638,653,308	99.50%	\$ 36,455,460,042	3	15	16 February 2048
\$	36,455,460,042	99.50%	\$ 36,273,182,742	4	15	02 March 2048
\$	36,273,182,742	99.50%	\$ 36,091,816,828	5	15	17 March 2048
\$	36,091,816,828	99.50%	\$ 35,911,357,744	6	15	01 April 2048
\$	35,911,357,744	99.50%	\$ 35,731,800,955	7	15	16 April 2048
\$	35,731,800,955	99.50%	\$ 35,553,141,950	8	15	01 May 2048
\$	35,553,141,950	99.50%	\$ 35,375,376,241	9	15	16 May 2048
\$	35,375,376,241	99.50%	\$ 35,198,499,359	10	15	31 May 2048
\$	35,198,499,359	99.50%	\$ 35,022,506,863	11	15	15 June 2048
\$	35,022,506,863	99.50%	\$ 34,847,394,328	12	15	29 June 2048
\$	34,847,394,328	99.50%	\$ 34,673,157,357	13	15	14 July 2048
\$	34,673,157,357	99.50%	\$ 34,499,791,570	14	15	29 July 2048
\$	34,499,791,570	99.50%	\$ 34,327,292,612	15	14	12 August 2048
\$	34,327,292,612	99.50%	\$ 34,155,656,149	16	14	26 August 2048
\$	34,155,656,149	99.50%	\$ 33,984,877,868	17	14	10 September 2048
\$	33,984,877,868	99.50%	\$ 33,814,953,479	18	14	24 September 2048
\$	33,814,953,479	99.50%	\$ 33,645,878,711	19	14	08 October 2048
\$	33,645,878,711	99.50%	\$ 33,477,649,318	20	14	22 October 2048
\$	33,477,649,318	99.50%	\$ 33,310,261,071	21	14	05 November 2048
\$	33,310,261,071	99.50%	\$ 33,143,709,766	22	14	19 November 2048
\$	33,143,709,766	99.50%	\$ 32,977,991,217	23	14	03 December 2048
\$	32,977,991,217	99.50%	\$ 32,813,101,261	24	14	17 December 2048
\$	32,813,101,261	99.50%	\$ 32,649,035,755	25	14	31 December 2048
Year	's Cash Flow		\$ 867,395,313,639			
		CFV:	50%			
Year	's GDP		\$ 433,697,656,819	# Compar	nies:	131,072
		LR:	25%	Cash Flow	/ Each:	\$ 6,617,701.06
Labo	Labour Receives		\$ 216,848,828,410			
			2344%	Increase t	o the money	supply
LCŔ			\$ 32,649,035,755		lext Year's	Šavings → → → ↓ ↓ ↓

Such a high É?

Is such a high É achievable? Maybe not, I would prefer not to go higher than 97.5% but balanced by more Suburb Sales (8 in place of 1) and lots on trade in place of the very little trade we see here.

Plus throw in some recensions. History 2 had 15 years of recensions and increased cash flow each year, going from zero to one percent of GDP by 2051 www.supereconomics.ai/video/25 (27 minutes) (27th December 2018)

Revenue + Savings MALAWI 2048

2048	Malawi % of Global GDP:	0.2500%
Investment	Zero	
Šavings	\$ 25,985,220,842.42	
The Suburb Sale (x3)	\$ 10,159,064,822.70	
Aid & Foundations	Zero	
Real Estate Sold (Ŕ2)	\$ 846,588,735.22	
Exports (Ŕ1) Trade	\$ 16,931,774.70	
	\$ 37,007,806,175.05	Ŕevenue + Šavings

MALAWI 2048 TO 2080

Below we see the key statistics between 2048 and 2080, in jumps of 4 years. Now we are firmly in the land of macroeconomics as in 2080 Malawi has arrived from Zero to One percent of GDP. With 8.2 trillion dollars made this year. Which when we add the CFV and discount at 0.25% to make today's value of just over \$1 trillion.

	Ŕevenue + Šavings	É	Śpin	Šavings	Cash Flow
2048	\$ 37,007,806,175.05	99.5%	25	\$ 25,985,220,842.42	\$ 867,395,313,638.70
2052	\$ 63,177,014,743.83	99.5%	29	\$ 49,778,993,380.87	\$ 1,700,924,978,431.67
2056	\$ 83,369,213,681.93	99.5%	32	\$ 67,083,834,977.61	\$ 2,458,677,324,414.41
2060	\$ 103,338,418,713.14	99.5%	32	\$ 83,543,439,114.42	\$ 3,047,597,735,540.43
2064	\$ 126,662,765,496.89	99.50%	32	\$ 102,601,844,076.02	\$ 3,735,466,074,598.65
2068	\$ 154,514,400,861.41	99.50%	32	\$ 125,268,200,493.60	\$ 4,556,850,627,652.99
2072	\$ 188,105,407,180.42	99.50%	32	\$ 152,556,467,844.59	\$ 5,547,497,437,108.40
2076	\$ 228,797,119,057.91	99.50%	32	\$ 185,587,161,114.33	\$ 6,747,554,207,062.87
2080	\$ 278,185,306,726.15	99.50%	32	\$ 225,663,332,783.50	\$ 8,204,082,483,521.27

Labour Receives

LCŔ - The Law of Conservation of Revenue

Supereconomics History III – \acute{E} = 99.5% and \acute{S} pin = 32

In Malawi 2080 we now have 327,680 companies spending on average \$25 million a year in cash flow for a total of \$8.2 trillion in cash flow, equal to about \$1 trillion in discounted GDP. Taking Malawi from zero to one percent of global GDP - A 29x increase to the money supply.

	Ŕevenue	É	Cash Flow	Śpin	Days	Spend By
\$	278,185,306,726	99.50%	\$ 276,794,380,193	1	12	13 January 2080
\$	276,794,380,193	99.50%	\$ 275,410,408,292	2	12	25 January 2080
\$	275,410,408,292	99.50%	\$ 274,033,356,250	3	12	06 February 2080
\$	274,033,356,250	99.50%	\$ 272,663,189,469	4	12	18 February 2080
\$	272,663,189,469	99.50%	\$ 271,299,873,522	5	12	01 March 2080
\$	271,299,873,522	99.50%	\$ 269,943,374,154	6	12	13 March 2080
\$	269,943,374,154	99.50%	\$ 268,593,657,283	7	12	25 March 2080
\$	268,593,657,283	99.50%	\$ 267,250,688,997	8	12	06 April 2080
\$	267,250,688,997	99.50%	\$ 265,914,435,552	9	12	18 April 2080
\$	265,914,435,552	99.50%	\$ 264,584,863,374	10	12	30 April 2080
\$	264,584,863,374	99.50%	\$ 263,261,939,057	11	12	12 May 2080
\$	263,261,939,057	99.50%	\$ 261,945,629,362	12	12	23 May 2080
\$	261,945,629,362	99.50%	\$ 260,635,901,215	13	12	04 June 2080
\$	260,635,901,215	99.50%	\$ 259,332,721,709	14	12	15 June 2080
\$	259,332,721,709	99.50%	\$ 258,036,058,100	15	11	27 June 2080
\$	258,036,058,100	99.50%	\$ 256,745,877,810	16	11	08 July 2080
\$	256,745,877,810	99.50%	\$ 255,462,148,421	17	11	20 July 2080
\$	255,462,148,421	99.50%	\$ 254,184,837,679	18	11	31 July 2080
\$	254,184,837,679	99.50%	\$ 252,913,913,490	19	11	11 August 2080
\$	252,913,913,490	99.50%	\$ 251,649,343,923	20	11	22 August 2080
\$	251,649,343,923	99.50%	\$ 250,391,097,203	21	11	03 September 2080
\$	250,391,097,203	99.50%	\$ 249,139,141,717	22	11	14 September 2080
\$	249,139,141,717	99.50%	\$ 247,893,446,009	23	11	25 September 2080
\$	247,893,446,009	99.50%	\$ 246,653,978,779	24	11	06 October 2080
\$	246,653,978,779	99.50%	\$ 245,420,708,885	25	11	17 October 2080
\$	245,420,708,885	99.50%	\$ 244,193,605,340	26	11	27 October 2080
\$	244,193,605,340	99.50%	\$ 242,972,637,314	27	11	07 November 2080
\$	242,972,637,314	99.50%	\$ 241,757,774,127	28	11	18 November 2080
\$	241,757,774,127	99.50%	\$ 240,548,985,256	29	11	29 November 2080
\$	240,548,985,256	99.50%	\$ 239,346,240,330	30	11	09 December 2080
\$	239,346,240,330	99.50%	\$ 238,149,509,128	31	11	20 December 2080
\$	238,149,509,128	99.50%	\$ 236,958,761,583	32	11	31 December 2080
				1		
Year	r's Cash Flow		\$ 8,204,082,483,521			
		CFV:	50%			
Year	r's GDP		\$ 4,102,041,241,761	# Compar		327,680
		LR:	25%	Cash Flow	Each:	\$ 25,036,872.81

\$

2,051,020,620,880

2949%

Increase to the money supply

To see a video of the previous introduction and summary of Book 2 – THE HOW;

www.angeltheory.org/video/43a1 www.angeltheory.org/video/43a2

Other Š-ŔÉŚ™ Videos

History 2

In history 2, trade is included, and there are 16 City developments.

One percent of GDP is reached 30 years earlier in 2050.

This full-on history battles 15 years of recessions and great depressions and each year increases cash flow

25) RES v4.14 - Manual Display - Ad Libbed

www.supereconomics.ai/video/25 (27 minutes) (27th December 2018)

History 3 is a more cautious version of History 2, in which there is no trade (because this eliminates arguments about sales), History 3 is a determined simulation of 92% of all cash flow coming from The Suburb Sale, which will have been contracted years before. If we are at this stage, the Suburb Sale will have been agreed with, way into the future. As for the 8% of leakage, we can remove that easily and just take 8% of the final cash flow figures.

34 E) Š ŔÉŚ™ Supereconomics & The Special Project Allocations www.supereconomics.ai/video/34e (35 minutes) (8th March 2020)

34 **D)** Supereconomics & The Special Project Allocations – Longer www.supereconomics.ai/video/34d (55 minutes) (8th March 2020)

34 G) Š ŔÉŚ™ Supereconomics - 64 Reasons Why – Accounting Proofs - In 20 Minutes www.supereconomics.ai/video/34g (20 minutes) (11th March 2020)

<u>Video 34</u> | <u>Video 34b</u> | <u>Video 34d</u> | <u>Video 34e</u> | <u>Video 34f</u> | <u>Video 34g</u>

End of Book 2. The How - Summary

Next in this story will be Book 1. The 10 Technologies – Summary, then we zoom into the last chapters of Book 3. 64 Reasons Why, before concluding with a small taste of book 4. 10x Our Future.